

PHP: script time-out management

Contributed by Administrator
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A PHP script has a number of seconds it is allowed to run; if this limit is reached the script returns a fatal error.
The default limit is 30 seconds and it can be restarted by calling the `set_time_limit()` function.

The way to handle this timeout limit is also very interesting: we could in fact understand where exactly our script fails or is heavy in terms of execution time.

The following example returns the last query (presuming it has previously memorized in the global variable `$LastQuery`)

```
<?php
```

```
ob_start('debug_timeout');
```

```
function debug_timeout($buffer) {  
    if (eregi('Maximum execution', $buffer))  
    {  
        global $LastQuery;  
        $buffer = "Login timeout: last query $LastQuery";  
    }  
  
    return $buffer;  
}
```